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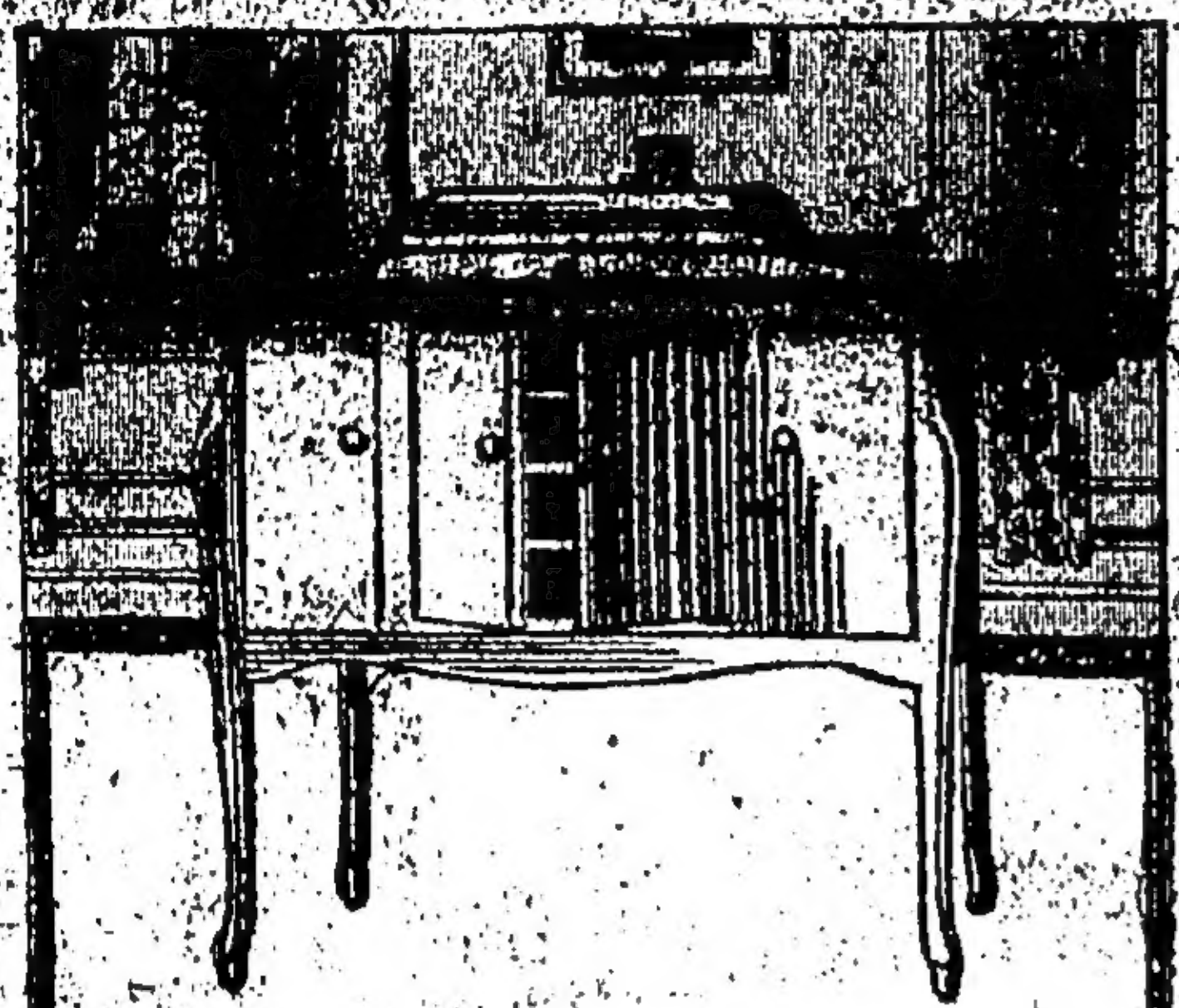
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HONGKONG MONDAY

APRIL 30, 1923

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Hongkong

REBEL MINE

SIGNAL STATION WRECKED.

DUBLIN OUTRAGE

(Daily Service to the China Mail.)

LONDON, April 29.

The signal cabin at Antons Street Station, Great Northern Railway, Dublin, was blown up by a mine, at 10 o'clock last night. Two regulars held the signal cabin and a third laid the mine. Others flew on the militia guard from the robbers. Flying debris smashed the windows of a train. Fifteen women and two soldiers were injured.



EAMONN DE VALERA.

WEMBLEY STAMPEDE

SOMEONE BLUNDERED.

LONDON, April 29.

The Football Association disclaims responsibility for the overcrowding at Wembley (reported in our earlier cables). Officials say that the arrangements were not in their hands.

GREATLY EXAGGERATED

Earlier reports of the casualties are represented as greatly exaggerated in official quarters at Wembley.

It is pointed out that only 22 cases were admitted to Willesden Hospital. Twelve were detained for the night, three of whom were able to go home to-day. The remainder are doing well.

As to the evidence of breaking down the turnstiles this was done rather in a spirit of fun than maliciously. It is pointed out that every penny in the 14 change boxes and 150 turnstiles containing money has been accounted for. Only a few pounds damage was done to the stadium.

DYNAMITE OUTRAGES.

FRENCH TRAIN ATTACKED.

BERLIN, April 29.

Dynamite outrages against a French passenger train are reported from Coblenz. Three French railway officials are said to have been killed. [Situated at the junction of the Moselle and the Rhine, Coblenz is in the occupied region.]

NEW GERMAN LINER.

PRESIDENT'S BLESSING.

BERLIN, April 29.

The new Hamburg-Amerika twin-screw steamer "Deutschland" was launched from the Blohm and Voss shipyards at Hamburg. Herr Ebert, the President, performing the christening ceremony. The ship will be placed on the Hamburg-New York service.

INDIAN BANK'S FAILURE.

EFFECTS COMPARATIVELY SMALL.

BOMBAY, April 29.

The failure of the Alliance Bank of Simla has had no appreciable effect here as it was not altogether unexpected. The share and government security markets have not been affected and the exchange market is firm.

[The Alliance Bank of Simla closed its doors owing to heavy losses and customers' withdrawals. The Imperial Bank of India is prepared forthwith to repay 50 per cent. of all classes of deposits, subject to liquidation under its surveillance. Further dividends will be paid in due course.]

LIMITING ARMAMENTS.

WASHINGTON EXAMPLE.

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, April 29.

The Pan-American Conference Armaments Committee has approved adherence to the Washington treaty fixing the limit of capital ships at 35,000 tons.

JAPANESE IN SAKHALIN.

BRITISH LABOUR PROTEST.

LONDON, April 30.

Despite the fact that the Japanese Ambassador informed them that he does not think the demonstration will serve any useful purpose, Labour May Day demonstrators are planning to march to the Embassy with the object of presenting a resolution they are submitting to a Hyde Park demonstration demanding the withdrawal of Japanese troops from Sakhalin.

NEAR EAST AGAIN.

CONSTANTINOPLE PLOT DISCOVERED.

"DOWN WITH CAPITALISM."

(Routledge's Service to the China Mail.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 29.

It is reported that the police have discovered a Bolshevik plot, in which the Bolshevik commercial delegation is said to be involved, to organise a demonstration of workers on May Day. Leaflets have been seized calling on the proletariat to rise against the "capitalist government." The police have arrested several Russians and Turks.

Certain Soviet authorities and Kemalists are mutually distrustful. It is stated on good authority that owing to concentrations of Red troops in the Caucasus, Kazim Kasa Bekir, the War Minister, has been ordered post-haste to Erzerum with reinforcements.

[Erzerum is an Armenian town with a population of 40,000.]

TURKISH INTRIGUES.

PARIS, April 29.

The newspapers state that General Weygand will embark at Toulon on Thursday on the warship "Lorraine" for Beirut. He will visit the North Syrian frontier where the Turks are reported to be concentrating.

It is pointed out that General Weygand disposes of 26,000 troops in Syria and it is stated that two colonial divisions are ready to reinforce them if necessary.

However, it is thought the Turkish movements are merely intended to support Turkish bargaining at Lausanne.

Meanwhile General Pelle, who had several conversations with Ismet Pasha, the chief Turkish delegate, at Lausanne, has gone to Paris to confer with M. Poincaré, the French Premier.

"MOST IMPORTANT STEP."

THE NEW "RHODES TRUST."

LONDON, April 29.

Lieut.-Col. Sir W. M. Grigg, M.P., Secretary of the Rhodes trustees, in an interview with the Observer, hails the Davison scholarship fund as a most important step forward in the path marked by Cecil Rhodes. The will particularly the excellent American results obtained by the Rhodes scholarship system, especially in the professional sphere, and hopes the Davison scholarship scheme, which only applies to the magnificent Eastern American universities, will be taken up by other Americans who will encourage better touch between British ideas and those of the Middle and Far West.

[This new "Rhodes Trust" has been founded by Mrs. H. P. Davison in memory of her husband, who was an ex-partner of the J. P. Morgan Company. Under the new trust three Oxford and three Cambridge students will be enabled to spend a year at either the University of Harvard, the University of Yale or the University of Princeton. All expenses will be paid.]

KENYA CRISIS BECOMES ACUTE.

DEPUTATIONS REACH LONDON.

LONDON, April 18.

The centre of interest in the Kenya question in which British settlers are bitterly opposing the demand of the Indians for unrestricted admission and the conferment of equal rights of citizenship, has shifted to London. The Governor, Sir Robert Coryndon, also white and Indian deputations headed by the Earl of Delamere and Mr. Sastri, respectively, have arrived for a conference with the Colonial Office in an effort to reach agreement.

Mr. Sastri, interviewed by Reuters, said it was unthinkable that the Indian intelligentsia would ever consent to emigration restrictions for Crown colonies as for the Dominions. He insisted that the proposed franchise conditions would only permit the qualification of educated Indians who were insufficient in numbers to outnumber the British. He protested against the measures whereby the highlands of Kenya should be exclusively allocated to the white settlers which was among the principal bones of contention.

[The Rt. Hon. Mr. V. S. Sastri, P. C., is President of the Servants of India Society. The Earl of Delamere, a pioneer colonist in Kenya, owns a large estate near Nairobi.]

TOKYO FRENCH ART DISPLAY.

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT'S GRANT.

PARIS, April 30.

The Japanese Charge d'Affaires has written to M. Poincaré, stating that the Japanese Government is providing a special credit for the proposed exhibition of French art at Tokyo. He asks M. Poincaré to approach the French Minister for Instruction in order that the plan may be considered at the earliest moment.

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JUST RECEIVED

CHILDREN'S
WHITE VOILE
DRESSES.

DEATH.

FRANCISCO MARIA GUTIER-
REZ.—On April 29, 1923, at
his residence No. 3 Mosque
Street, aged 64 years. The
funeral will pass the monu-
ment at 5.30 p.m. to-day.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

REMEDIOS.—Mr. and Mrs. Vasco
L. dos Remedios, and family
wish to thank all friends for
their condolences and kind
expressions of sympathy in
their recent sad bereavement,
also for the floral tributes.

The China Mail.

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE"

HONGKONG, MONDAY, APRIL 30, 1923.

SOME MORE POINTS ABOUT
RESERVATIONS.

While the Housing Commission is still busy with those labours which hold the Colony's dearest hopes, it is timely to refer again to that vexed topic—reservations. Whether reservations would really prove the boon many people stoutly maintain is not just now the question. For the moment it is enough that many people are firmly convinced reservations offer a very hopeful solution, for this fact alone entitles the matter to serious study. Although reservations have hitherto almost invariably become mixed with racial questions, this tendency, as we pointed out last week, is quite needless and only begets the issue. Reservations are urged, we repeat, not only because different national customs make incompatible neighbours, but also because they offer less costly homes, for the European resident anyway. They are not now designed for any one nationality. They are meant for all nationalities, each forming its own congenial little community—Chinese, European, Indian, and any others who seek the same privilege. Nor are reservations intended to discriminate against different nationalities, either residents or investors. The Colony has, on the main-

land, ample ground for making these little townships and the sites can all be equally good. Given adequate transport facilities, these areas, as we have said before, could be far enough away from existing populous centres not to interfere with present building enterprise. Thus it is clear that reservations are quite feasible. The question now arises: Are they desirable? From the residential standpoint, apart from cheaper rents, most Europeans not rich enough to select their own sites where choice suggests, will reply with an emphatic "yes." From the purely financial standpoint, again, most Europeans who have studied the matter, will give a ready affirmative. The considerations which dictate these answers apply, more or less, with other nationalities. If, it is trying for the European resident to have his neighbours clashing cymbals the night long, it is equally galling for the Chinese resident to have his festivities, as they sometimes are, peremptorily silenced. Having agreed, then, that reservations are desirable, we must next ask: Will they work? Cheap transport facilities assured, only one objection suggests itself—when houses fall empty they must wait for another tenant of the same nationality, instead of taking the firstcomer and investors will therefore hold aloof. This objection, however, is soon overcome. These reserved houses will always command their rent, even when the housing problem has become much less acute, because they will have very strong appeal for those seeking to live among their own people. Moreover, many residents wanting not a "good spec," but simply a good home, will build for themselves. Therefore, the Housing Commission, with full access to facts, debarred the general public, should study this question, what demand exists and how best the Government could help to satisfy that demand. Not only would the Commission thus give a very definite ruling regarding reservations, but it would also finally silence much foolish talk about racial distinctions. And both these results would prove notable services to the community.

Bathing Facilities.

The announcement to-day by the Director of Public Works of the bathing facilities that are being provided this summer comes as a welcome confirmation of the assurance given by the Hon. Mr. Severn in the course of his Budget speech as acting Governor that this important question should not be overlooked. The beaches at North Point, next to the Yacht Club, and at Kennedy Town, which proved popular last year, are being opened to-morrow, the new beach at Hung Hom will be available for use in a week's time and ferries will be ready to take bathers across to Stonecutter's by the middle of the month. Stonecutter's did not last year, despite the generous facilities offered, attract the numbers it deserved and this year with the rival attractions of the new beach at Hung Hom and the ex-active serviceman's private strip of foreshore over on the island itself, it is doubtful whether any big increase can be expected. One problem seriously affecting bathers—any yachtsman will tell you it is a rapidly increasing one—which the Government ought at once to take in hand before it gets worse is the pollution of the harbour by oil steamers. Any swimmer who found himself in the middle of the great patches of slime that were floating on the surface of the water yesterday would swear off bathing for the rest of the season—it would take him till then to get clean, anyway.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

On Saturday, Revenue Officers searched the s.s. "Poo Lee" on arrival from Kwongchow and seized about 100 lbs of prepared opium and twenty pounds of raw opium but nobody was arrested. The contraband was concealed in the forecastle of the ship.

At the Criminal Sessions this morning, Mr. H. K. Holmes, Crown Solicitor, asked that the hearing of the case in which Lam Chuen is charged with robbery and the unlawful possession of arms, be postponed until the May Sessions. Permission was granted.

Through a kerosene lamp being accidentally upset and a bed curtain and sheets thereby becoming ignited in the first floor of No. 24, Po Leung Sun Street last night, a fire alarm was raised but the inmates succeeded in putting out the outbreak before any appreciable damage was done.

The cruise of the British sloop "Foxglove," Commander H. V. Hudson, China Station, through the Pacific Isles, includes calls at some of the islands lately in the possession of Germany. The programme also includes visits to Hermit Island, Ternate, Mandde and Sandakan.

Practically everybody available in the Central Police Station was turned out last night at about eight o'clock when a message was received from a Chinese to the effect that an armed robbery was being carried out in Wing Lok Street. On arrival at the place indicated it was found to be a false alarm.

According to Mr. Campbell Prosser, our report of Friday's murder trial was incorrect in one particular. Mr. Campbell Prosser, addressing the jury, was stated to have said: "I need not remind you that Christ died on the cross equally to save the prisoner at the bar as to save any of us." Mr. Campbell Prosser states that he did not make this remark.

An effort to dispose of seven houses in Wyndham Street, Nos. 45, 46, 47, 49, 51, 53 and 55, by public auction on Saturday proved unsuccessful. Bidding started at \$150,000 and rose by \$1,000 bids to \$216,000 at which figure the property was withdrawn. Mr. W. R. Barr of Messrs. Hughes and Hough was the auctioneer and the prospective buyers were mainly Chinese.

Three robbers armed with daggers secured admission into the ground floor of No. 38, Peel Street on Saturday afternoon by pretending to deliver a letter. The premises are used as a mess by a number of piecegoods dealers who had gone out leaving a cook in charge. After the cook had been overpowered one of the robbers had done a "good business" returned and surprised the robbers. They bolted without taking anything.

At a joint meeting of the Tung Wah Hospital and the Kwong Wah Hospital on Saturday afternoon, it was resolved that a "Yee Chong," i.e., a temporary repository for the dead, in coffins, pending burial in a selected locality, be erected on Kowloon. Chung I Island was mentioned at the meeting but this was turned down as the place was considered too far and inconvenient.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Major-General Sir John Fowler, K.C.M.G., commanding H.M. Forces in China, is in Shanghai for the inspection of the Volunteer Corps.

Among the arrivals from the North during the week-end was Mrs. Sun Yat-sen, wife of Dr. Sun Yat-sen, who is probably joining her husband in Canton.

Paym.-Com. J. S. Stromqvist, who has been placed on the retired list, was employed last in the "Ambrose," despatch ship for submarines on the China Station.

Among the passengers who left Canton for Hongkong on Friday was Mr. James Smith, the local manager of Loxley and Company. Mr. Smith sails from Hongkong on Wednesday for London, on holiday.

At Sunday morning's service at Union Church, the Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald intimated that he had accepted the Church's invitation to continue in the pastorate for a further period.

Inspector J. W. G. Caygill, formerly at the Central Station, has taken charge of No. 7 Police Station, West Point, in succession to Inspector Kent who has been transferred to the Traffic Department.

Mr. Paul Myron Linebarger, the American lawyer, has postponed his return to China. While his family are travelling in Europe he is taking steps to establish an international practice in Washington D.C.

Photographs appear in several London papers of the King of Siam as Chief Scout. The Boy Scout movement is very much alive in Siam, and the King has started the Tiger Scouts, and has himself been elected Chief Scout.

It is officially intimated that Captain W. B. C. Savile, M.C., Middlesex Regiment, has vacated the appointment of adjutant. As a matter of fact, Captain Savile vacated the adjutancy of the 2nd Battalion at Singapore as far back as July last.

A Reuter telegram from Tokyo states that the "Hakozaki Maru" which is sailing from Kobe to-day for Marseilles, conveys Princess Asaka who is en route to Paris to join the injured Prince Asaka. Her suite includes Madame Miyaoka as lady-in-waiting, Baron Ishii, Ambassador to France, and Viscountess Ishii are proceeding to Paris.

A farewell dinner to Mr. J. McCubbin, resident engineer of the Hongkong and China Gas Company Ltd. and a prominent member of the Institution of Engineers and Shipbuilders, was given by members of the Institution at the Hongkong Hotel on Saturday night, the proceedings finishing with an informal musical programme on the premises of the club. During the dinner a presentation was made to Mr. McCubbin of a handsome silver salver, which is to be inscribed with the names of the subscribing members, also a beautiful necklace of amber beads to Mrs. McCubbin.

SUBSTITUTED BRIDE.

REGISTER OFFICE
COMEDY.

A would-be bridegroom, at a London register office was surprised to learn that marriage licences once taken out cannot be used to wed any woman in the way that dog licences hold good for any one dog.

He told the registrar that he had brought another woman to marry him as he had broken off his engagement with the woman whom he had taken out a licence to marry. He suggested that his new fiancée's name could be substituted for the name on the licence.

When told that he must have another licence and that the marriage could not take place until 24 hours after it was granted, he left, protesting against the "red tape" of the marriage laws.

LABOUR DAY.

Hongkong labour guilds are sending delegates to Canton to participate in the Labour Day celebrations which will be observed there to-morrow. It is believed that there will be no public ceremonies in the Colony to-morrow beyond the displaying of flags, but it is hoped that every guild will have at least one representative in Canton. The delegates will also take part in the observances on May 5, the second anniversary of the "Presidential" induction of Sun Yat-sen.

COMPANY MEETING.

HONGKONG HIDE AND
LEATHER COY., LTD.

The first annual general meeting of The Hongkong Hide and Leather Company Ltd. was held at the offices of the Company, 67-69 Des Voeux Road Central at noon to-day.

Mr. W. M. Humphreys presided and was supported by Messrs. W. A. Dowley, Leung Yan-po and Wong Joy-chew, (Directors). Seated at the same table were: Mr. E. Peppercell, acting Secretary, and Mr. D. H. Blake of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist (Solicitors to the Company).

Others present were Messrs: C. E. H. Beavis, F. L. Cooke, D. H. Blake, J. M. Manuk, L. MacLaren, J. M. Con' Sang, A. G. Coppin, E. Howard, V. Sorby, A. D. Humphreys, Geo. P. Lammert, H. Seth, G. M. Raymond and A. A. Alves.

After the Secretary had read the notice convening the meeting, Mr. Humphreys explained the position of the Company.

The chairman said: The Report and Accounts have been in your hands for the prescribed period, and I propose with your permission to take them as read.

The year, I regret to say, has been a most unfortunate one for us. Competition of imported leathers during 1922 from the United States and Australia dumped on this and the Northern markets owing to the leather trade conditions in those countries, has had its effect on what we could get for our product. This coupled with our domestic misfortune with our tanners, a restricted input and labour trouble, as explained at the meeting in November last, shows a loss of \$125,991.77 for the period.

In reviewing the whole period; the first 4 months were absorbed in the incorporation of the Company and the obtaining of raw material, during which time we discovered our tanner had interests apart from the interests of the Company, necessitating his dismissal in April, leaving us without expert assistance for a short time. Our then Secretary was sent to the States to procure a good man by personal contact. He arrived in May, but I regret to say he proved most unreliable and was dismissed at the end of July, leaving a large volume of material in course of manufacture. Seeing the condition of things all further supplies of raw material, where possible, were cancelled, and such stocks on hand finished up and placed in a saleable condition. The quantities of leather produced during the period were as follows:—cow sole leather, 10,858,891 lbs; buffa leather, 10,431 lbs; upper leather, 119,260 sq. ft.

With these few remarks I will ask someone to second the adoption of the Report and Accounts.

Mr. C. E. H. Beavis seconded the proposition, which was carried unanimously; there being no questions.

On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. C. E. H. Beavis, Messrs. W. A. Dowley, M. Chan Harr and the Hon. Mr. Chow Chou-sen were re-elected directors.

The auditors, Messrs. Percy Smith, Seth and Fleming were unanimously re-elected on the proposition of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. Geo. Lammert.

This concluded the business, before the meeting.

THE EXTRAORDINARY MEETING.

The extraordinary meeting, which was to have been held at 12.15 to-day on the motion of Mr. A. G. Coppin, seconded by the Chairman, was postponed until May 14. As soon as the Secretary had read the notice calling the meeting, the Chairman announced that the Company's solicitors had informed them that it was necessary to have a representation of 86,000 (2 of capital) shares to form a quorum. At to-day's meeting only 32,000 shares were represented. The extraordinary resolutions that are to be discussed on May 14, provided a quorum is present, are:—

A.—That 51,656 of the unissued shares of \$10 be divided into 129,140 shares of \$4 each.

B.—That the capital of the Company be divided into two classes of shares namely 48,344 ordinary "A" shares of \$10 each and 129,140 ordinary "B" shares of \$4 each and that the provisions following in regard thereto have effect, that is to say:—

(1) The ordinary "A" shares aforesaid shall be those shares which are numbered 1 to 48,344 inclusive and one additional \$10 share which if and when issued shall be numbered 48,345.

(2) The ordinary "B" shares aforesaid shall be those unissued shares of \$4 each which, when issued be numbered 48,346 to 177,488 inclusive.

(3) The said ordinary "B" shares shall be from the date of issue fully paid up and shall carry the said ordinary "A" shares as regards all matters of rights to vote and distribution of assets in the event of winding up.

(4) If the Company shall be wound up the surplus assets shall be distributed as nearly as may be among the members in proportion to the number of shares held by them at the commencement of the winding up.

UNIVERSITY FUNCTION.

ELIOT HALL ANNUAL
DINNER.

The annual dinner of Eliot Hall, Hongkong University, was held on Saturday night in the hostel dining hall, which had been tastefully decorated for the occasion.

The guests included the Vice-Chancellor (Sir William Brunyate K.C.M.G.), Mr. J. R. Wood, Mr. A. H. Fenwick, the Dean of the Faculties, Mr. N. Teesdale Mackintosh, the hostel Wardens and other members of the staff.

The Warden (Mr. J. Ring) who presided proposed the toasts of "The King," and "The President of China."

The toast of "The University" was then proposed by Mr. J. R. Wood who coupled it with the name of the Vice-Chancellor. Mr. Wood said that he thought the sense of loyalty of old University men was more deeply rooted in their Colleges than in the Senate House, and that the same would no doubt apply in the case of the hostels of this University. He pointed out that the University should not desire to copy other Universities but rather make a life of its own. Mr. Wood referred to the importance of this year in the history of the University as that in which the first woman student would graduate.

Sir William Brunyate replied with a most interesting speech, in which among other things, he spoke of the high standing in which the University is held by the Chambers of Commerce in China, and expressed his confidence in the present students to uphold that standard. Sir William said that the Headmasters of the schools supplying the University considered the hostel system of great importance, and he pointed out how the hostels help to draw together students from different parts, instancing Eliot Hall which has students from Chihli, Hupeh, Kwantung, Yunnan and the Straits.

The Chairman (Mr. Tan Soo Kim) proposing the toast of "our Guests" said how much the honour of the Vice-Chancellor's presence at these functions was appreciated by the students, what a great asset they felt Sir William had been to the University officially and what a good friend to the students. Mr. Tan, welcomed Mr. J. R. Wood to the hostel again. He wished Mr. Mackintosh who is about to return home on leave *bon voyage*, and concluded by coupling the toast with the name of Dr. Earle.

In reply, Dr. Earle expressed his pleasure at coming into the hostel life on these occasions and suggested that if the dinner were given in Chinese style instead of European the guests would get a more intimate glimpse of hostel life. He concluded with a learned and witty discourse upon gastronomy.

Mr. N. Teesdale Mackintosh then rose to propose the toast of "Eliot Hall." He emphasised the importance of hostel spirit and the great value of the hostel system to the life of the University. He pointed out that Eliot had become the largest of all the hostels, and that the co-operation of the Warden and students had brought about its flourishing condition.

"The Warden in reply referred to the opportunities that hostel life affords of producing public spirit. He then traced the history of the hostel since 1921 when Eliot Hall had 45 students to the present day when it has 70.

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BRAVERY REWARDED.

CHINESE DETECTIVE
DECORATED.

Detective Mak Yiu, No. C37, has been awarded the 3rd class Police Medal for conspicuous service when capturing one of the robbers who made an attempt to hold up a returned Chinese at the Kung Wo boarding-house during Race week.

The officer happened to be in the vicinity when the alarm was raised and promptly gave chase. The robber was armed with a revolver and continually fired at his pursuers. After a prolonged running duel, the robber was shot several times and ultimately taken to hospital where he died. A confederate is standing his trial at the Sessions to-day.

Four Chinese cases of small-pox were notified yesterday.

But this clause is to be without prejudice to the rights of the holders of shares issued upon special terms and conditions.

C.—That the Articles of Association be amended by the deletion of clauses 107 and 108 thereof.

Should the Resolution be passed by the shareholders, the said Special Resolutions to a second Extraordinary General Meeting, which will be subsequently convened.

Enclosing my card and thanking you for your valuable space, I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Yours, etc.,
JATUCH

Hongkong, April 30.

"A NEW VISTA."

EX-PREMIER'S CANTON
VISIT.

Dr. Wang Chung-hui, ex-Premier of China, who has been on a political mission to Canton, handed the following statement to Dr. Sun Yat-sen on April 27:—

I lately decided to go abroad because I could see no prospect of reunification and national peace in China. And it seemed to me that I might serve the interests of world peace by participating in the work of the Court of International Justice at the Hague, which is, perhaps, the noblest expression of the idealism and moral aspirations of the age.

My visit to Canton, however, has opened to me a new vista. I find that Dr. Sun Yat-sen, like myself, does not believe in the method of force as the aptest way to resolve the doubts and contentions of the nations. He holds, and I hold with him, that if a united China is to be achieved within the lifetime of our generation, it can only be done through and by agreement among the principal leaders of the country. That is the way indicated to us by history and the Sages whose counsel has helped to preserve China from the fate of the dead nations of the world. We have escaped historical decay because we have in the past established ourselves on the principle of reason. Men's minds can be truly reached—changed—only by reasoning and the processes of agreement. It is not within the competence of mere force to do that.

Purely material considerations reinforce this belief in our traditional method of settling disputes according to reason. China is too vast and populous a country to be dominated by any single man-to-day; and this must remain peculiarly true as long as lack of effective means of communications renders impracticable the rapid movement of troops from one strategic point in the country to the other. No military dictator or despot can rule China as a whole while the country is without great trunk roads and railways and it is extremely doubtful that China could be so ruled even if this defect in communications were remedied. The Revolution of 1911 has liberated ideas and forces in China which are beyond the control of any dictator or autocrat. The imperialism of Yuan Shih-kai and his downfall prove this. And where he failed, it is inconceivable that success could be realized by any one heir of the remnants of his broken military system.

But I fear this view will not be shared by the militarists who, in reality, rule China. And the consequence may well be a progressive disorganization in the machinery of government throughout the country, reacting disastrously on the economic life of China and involving us in a degree of complications with the Treaty Powers which may reach to the verge of our sovereignty and national independence.

That is the danger ahead which is seen by Canton. And reasons not only of statesmanship but more prudence appear to dictate the new policy which Dr. Sun Yat-sen has publicly defined. He has set his mind on working out in Kwangtung a model province and through deeds and measures of good government, to make it a centre of resistance to the forces of disruption which are gathering under the present rule of the militarists.

It is the duty of all Chinese to assist in this work of national salvation.

CORRESPONDENCE.

STREET FOOTBALL.

[To the Editor of the "China Mail."]

Sir,—Re a report appearing in the local press last Saturday to the effect that a small boy was cautioned at the Magistracy on Friday for indulging in football with a few others in Statue Square, it is gratifying to know that the police are at last trying to put a stop to this standing nuisance.

Permit me to encroach upon your columns to call the attention of the police to another locality which is frequently the scene of a football game—viz., Glenealy. While I was walking down this particular path yesterday morning, a game was in progress, and although a small rubber ball was used in this instance, nevertheless, the proceeding assumed sufficient proportion to constitute an annoyance to passers-by, especially the fair sex. Evidently, a couple of plain-clothes policemen are needed in this vicinity.

Enclosing my card and thanking you for your valuable space, I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Yours, etc.,
JATUCH

Hongkong, April 30.

HONGKONG AND CANTON.

BRITISH ATTITUDE
TOWARDS SUN.

NEW UNDERSTANDING.

We invited attention last month, writes G. B. R. in the *Eastern Review* to the understanding arrived at between the authorities of Hongkong and Dr. Sun Yat-sen on the occasion of the latter's visit to that port while en route to resume control of the Canton government. This understanding, we now learn, has a much wider significance than appears on the surface, amounting in fact to a tardy recognition on the part of Hongkong of its dependence upon the development of the southern provinces for the advancement of its own special interests, in which co-operation and harmonious relations with Canton are essential to success. The future of Hongkong will hinge largely upon its ability to establish and operate profitably various industrial enterprises drawing their raw materials from the mainland. In effect, the understanding is simply the recognition of a new sphere of British interest based on the geographical position of the colony and dependence upon its own immediate hinterland for the supply of raw materials. It marks the end of the traditional British policy in the Yangtze region, made necessary by the Washington treaties which throws this section open to international competition.

Under the new order of things, the future commercial sphere which the British may legitimately aspire to dominate by reason of their natural advantages, is that section of China tributary to the port of Hongkong and the Kowloon Leased Territory. Here they may hope to successfully compete with all others and establish co-operative industries with the southern Chinese, the profits from which will more than repay them for the surrender of any exclusive privileges hitherto enjoyed in northern or central China.

Recognition of these conditions naturally carried with it the necessity for a radical modification of past policies, in which the future of the colony takes precedence over British interests in other parts of China. It brought home to the Hongkong authorities the realization that British policy as advocated by its Peking exponents was highly inimical to the best interests of the colony; that Hongkong could not hope to grow and prosper if the antagonism to Canton was permitted to remain the cardinal feature of a propaganda directed by British writers in the pay of the Peking government.

The shrewd merchants of Hongkong awoke to the fact that this vicious campaign had engendered an intense ill-feeling in the south which brought about the reprisals of last year. In the shipping strike Hongkong paid the penalty in millions of dollars for the long-drawn-out campaign directed from Peking to discredit Sun Yat-sen and the Canton cause.

Furthermore, it may be said without violation of confidence, that the understanding between Hongkong and Canton was hastened by the frank recognition of Mr. A. G. Stephen (head manager of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation) that time had proved the justice of Dr. Sun Yat-sen's opposition to the reorganization loan of 1913. Dr. Sun vigorously protested to Mr. Stephen against the issuance of the loan, giving as his reason that the funds would be employed to destroy the republic and instead of unifying and stabilizing the government would split the country wide open. After ten years, the British banker admits that Dr. Sun was right, and so paved the way for a further exchange of views.

The experience of the past ten years has taught Hongkong that its interests have not been advanced by adhering blindly to a conception of British policy dictated by interested parties in Peking; that Canton cannot be easily eliminated as a factor in the Chinese political situation by denunciations of its program or vilification of its popular leader. In fact, experience has disclosed that British interests whether in Hongkong or in other parts of China, are exceptionally vulnerable and at the mercy of organized labour now openly allied with the party of Sun Yat-sen. That reprisals against British interests have occurred is traceable directly to the campaign waged by British newspapers to discredit Sun Yat-sen and elevate the Kiu-Han war lord to supreme power. When it is furthermore understood that Wu Peifu was specially selected by the Peking journalistic group of president-makers as the man best qualified to rule China and it was their propaganda which contributed so largely to Dr. Sun Yat-sen's overthrow, further light is thrown on the reasons underlying the reprisals against British interests by means of strikes. In other words if British interests have suffered as a result of these labour disturbances, they can thank those British propagandists operating from Peking who have left no stone unturned to discredit the cause and personal character of Sun Yat-sen. Human nature being very much the same

the world over, the adherents of Dr. Sun employed the only weapons at hand to emphasize their disapproval of a campaign which bore all the earmarks of official British approval.

With these facts before them, it was not such a difficult matter for Dr. Sun and the Hongkong authorities to arrive at a mutual understanding of each other's position and pave the way for the establishment of relations which are bound to have a far-reaching effect on the future of the colony and the success of good government in China. It was realized by Hongkong that much of its present prosperity is derived from the investments of southern Chinese and their overseas relations who prefer the stable government of the colony with its guarantee of property rights to the chaotic conditions existing in the adjacent province. As a result of these conditions, Hongkong is overflowing with Chinese money, bringing down the interest rate of the banks and making it increasingly difficult to find profitable investments within the colony. Property values have soared to unheard-of prices and considerable new Chinese capital seeking a fair profit, has been invested in local companies. This influx of wealth has increased prices all along the line, causing embarrassment to European residents and merchants, a situation which shows no sign of amelioration until Kwangtung is once more freed from political chaos and stabilized under an efficient government.

Here we have another potent reason why Hongkong is anxious to facilitate the establishment of popular government in Canton, it being realized that such government must meet with the approval of the masses and not forced upon them by the bayonets of the north. Peking may compel allegiance to its authority by military occupation, but it would require constant vigilance and the expenditure of huge sums for military purposes to impose these conditions indefinitely. Aside altogether from the drain on the central treasury to subjugate and occupy Canton by northern troops, the situation would remain menacing alike to Chinese and Hongkong interests. Chinese capital in the colony and from overseas would still refuse to embark in any enterprise under their own government and continue to swell the bank balances and unsettle the local financial market, while the establishment of any new industrial enterprise in the colony relying upon Chinese territory for its raw materials, would be out of the question.

One of the principal grievances of Chinese residing in and subject to British laws in Hongkong was the restrictions imposed upon them (due to the consortium pact and British policy as laid down by London and Peking) to their extending open financial assistance to Dr. Sun Yat-sen in his campaign for the implanting of a liberal government. This restriction was also felt by Chinese residing in the Straits Settlements and the Federated Malay States. Such financial assistance as they have been able to extend to Dr. Sun in the past has been frowned upon by the British authorities. Probably the most important feature of the understanding arrived at, is the reversal of the above policy, in which Chinese under British jurisdiction will be free to render financial assistance through the medium of open loans to the Canton government without incurring official disapproval. As a result, Chinese capitalists of Hongkong are now prepared to furnish Dr. Sun with a loan of six millions to which will be added other loans from their compatriots in Malaya.

This policy has the double advantage of relieving Hongkong of a glut of capital and of recognizing the undoubted right of the Chinese to support the Cantonese leader. Although there is reason to believe that the support tendered to Dr. Sun by Hongkong went even further, this much is acknowledged. It cannot be said that the hostility of the anti-Sun foreign element in Hongkong is entirely eradicated, but even his worst enemies are remaining neutral and willing to give him a fair chance to work out his plans for unification from Canton without harassing him by further abuse. His critics concede that with five years of uninterrupted tranquility, in Canton, the old city of the dreadful stink will be rebuilt into the most modern metropolis of China. This will call for the establishment of industries, machine shops and other enterprises, the equipment for which, the British merchants of Hongkong will be in the most favourable position to furnish. Hongkong capitalists have planned the erection of steel and iron works in Kowloon where ample iron deposits exist, but they look to Kwangtung for coal and limestone. The cement works are now being built near the Haiphong because of the difficulties surrounding the quarrying and shipment of junk from the North River districts to Kowloon. Coal is found in many parts of Kwangtung and

WEST RIVER TRAFFIC.

"KOCHOW" LEAVES AGAIN.

HIGH POULTRY PRICES.

In spite of no advice having been received regarding conditions en route, the s.s. "Kochow" which had to put back to Hongkong after an unsuccessful attempt, a few days ago, to get through to Wuchow, left last night to make another attempt to reach Wuchow. Much cargo for that port and raw products for Hongkong is being congested owing to lack of transport and a handsome return in freights awaits the first ships that make the round trip. If it is found dangerous to proceed, the "Kochow" will anchor at Ho Hau but if the route is open the owners will be informed by telegraph and the "Taiming" will also be despatched. Both these ships fly the British flag.

Hongkong is dependent on Wuchow for poultry and cattle, although supplies of cattle are also obtained from other sources. Whenever the Hongkong-Wuchow service is suspended, the colony's stocks of cattle gradually lessen and prices go up. No poultry has arrived for a number of days except insignificant lots from unusual centres and prices have ranged very high, nearly \$1 per pound being paid wholesale for a few crates from Kongmoon this morning.

could be mined, transported and sold in Hongkong at prices much lower than those now prevailing. Other products of the mainland are indispensable for the future industrial life of the colony, and it is now realized that a spirit of co-operation must supplant the old worn-out policy of antagonizing the Cantonese by constantly belittling and denigrating the character of their chosen leader. Hongkong and Canton must pull together.

The understanding between Hongkong and Dr. Sun marks the beginning of a new era for British interests in China, a termination of the petty, undignified and spiteful campaign waged by a few journalists in Peking who have attempted to dictate British policy from the viewpoint of their own selfish interests. From now on, it is to be hoped that Hongkong and Canton will march in complete accord and in full co-operation for the development of that part of China where the interests of both are so inter-twined that any other course would be suicidal. So we come to the end of another chapter, placing a period to the ten-year campaign to discredit Sun Yat-sen. If Sun can hold Canton, the cause of good government will triumph in China; if he wins, the support of Hongkong will stand as the turning point in the long-drawn-out struggle. It only remains for the American government to come out on the side of fairplay and its own traditions to bring China into the ranks of the liberal nations. The liberal government of Japan has lined itself against militarism in China, it stands, morally at least, with Dr. Sun Yat-sen. What Hongkong says, especially when dictated by the chief of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, sooner or later becomes the corner stone of British policy in China. Hongkong has spoken. The colony stands with Canton, and its popular leader. It now remains for America to speak in tones that will convey to the freebooters of the north that their days are numbered. There is one way that China can be made safe for democracy; we pointed it out in the preceding article.

TO-DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BATHING BEACHES NOTICE.

Bathing Beach adjoining the premises of the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club.

(1) This beach will be open for the use of the General Public from Tuesday, May 1st, inclusive.

(2) A fee of 10 cents per person will be charged.

Bathing Beach at Kennedy Town.

(1) This beach will be open for the use of the General Public from Tuesday, May 1st, inclusive.

(2) A fee of 5 cents per person will be charged.

Bathing Beach at Hung Hom.

(1) This beach will be open for the use of the General Public from Tuesday, May 1st, inclusive.

(2) A fee of 10 cents per person will be charged.

Bathing Beach at Stonecutter's Island.

(1) This beach will be open for the use of the General Public from Tuesday, May 1st, inclusive.

(2) A fee of 10 cents per person will be charged.

(3) A Ferry Service to Stonecutter's Island has been arranged for with the Kau Lung Sze Yau Kai Fong Ferry Company, Limited, in accordance with the following time table:

Commencing from May 1st inclusive on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays:

Ferry leaves Pottinger Street Pier.....5.00 p.m.
Ferry calls at Police Pier, Tsui Sha Tsui.....5.10 p.m.
Ferry leaves Police Pier, Tsui Sha Tsui.....5.15 p.m.
Ferry arrives Stonecutter's Island.....5.35 p.m.
Ferry leaves Stonecutter's Island.....6.45 p.m.

On Saturdays, Sundays and all Public Holidays, ferries will leave Pottinger Street Pier at 3.00 p.m. & 4.20 p.m.

The above time table is subject to slight alteration if found desirable at a later date.

Return fare from Pottinger Street Pier, 20 Cents.
Return fare from Police Pier, Tsui Sha Tsui.....10 Cents.

T. L. PERKINS,
Director of Public Works.
Public Works Office,
Hongkong, 28th April, 1923.

A Parent's Duty.

Your boy is always getting scratched or cut or bruised. Because these wounds have healed all right is no sign they always will. Get a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and see that every injury is cared for immediately. You can get nothing better, and blood poison is too dangerous a disease to risk. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

For further particulars apply to:
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents.
Hongkong, April 30, 1923.

THE STEAMSHIP "SICILIA,"
Captain E. C. MULLA, R.N.,
carrying His Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this Port on or about SATURDAY, 5th May, 1923, at 11 a.m., taking Passengers and Cargo to the above Ports.

Silk and Valuables and Tea for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Bombay into the Mail Steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London.

Parcels will be received at this Office until Noon, the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.

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Hongkong, April 30, 1923.

STRUTHERS & BARRY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES via JAPAN PORTS and SHANGHAI.

THE Steamship

"WEST FARALON" having arrived from above mentioned ports Monday, April 30th, 1923, Consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at consignees' risk.

Consignees of Cargo must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned for Delivery Orders issued.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godowns where it will be examined at 9 a.m. Thursday, 5th May, 1923, by Messrs. Anderson & Ash, Marine Surveyors.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognised. No claims will be recognised after the goods have left the Godowns and cargo undelivered after May 6th, 1923, will be subject to rent.

No Fire insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading in exchange for Delivery Orders immediately.

STRUTHERS & BARRY,
Agents, U. S. S. B. Emergency Fleet Corporation.
Hongkong, April 30, 1923.

P. & O. S. N. CO.

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STRATTS, COLOMBO, AUSTRALIA, BOMBAY, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS & LONDON.

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From Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. (Sundays 10 p.m. only).

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HONGKONG-MACAO LINESailings: To Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays at 8 a.m. only).
Sailings: From Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays at 4 p.m. only).

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, 41 Des Voeux Road Central, Messrs. T. S. Chan & Son, or the American Express Company, Hongkong.

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S.S. "DAVID CASTLE".....Sailing on or about 8th May.
S.S. "KENDAL CASTLE".....Sailing on or about 8th June.**LLOYD TRIESTINO**

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FOR LEVANT, BLACK SEA & DANUBE PORTS.

VUEME having been re-opened for traffic, cargo is also accepted for this port on through Bills of Lading.

FOR BRINDISI, VENICE, AND TRIESTE.

S.S. "VENETIA".....Sailing on or about 30th April.
S.S. "NIPPON".....Sailing on or about 6th June.

FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

S.S. "NIPPON".....Sailing on or about 2nd May.

Passengers' Luggage can be insured at the office of this Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service

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S.S. "UMFULU".....Sailing on or about 2nd May.
S.S. "UMBINGA".....Sailing on or about 31st May.

Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

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DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

OSAKA SHOSSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP—Monthly direct service via Singapore, Colombo, Suez and Port Said.

AMAZON MARU (omit. Marseilles).....Sunday, 12th May.
RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES—via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Durban & Capetown—Passenger service.

TACOMA MARU.....Tuesday, 1st May at 11 a.m.

BOMBAY—Furnishing service via Singapore and Colombo.

ORLEANS MARU.....Sunday, 6th May.

SUMATRA MARU (Calling at Penang).....Monday, 9th May.

DELA & BANGKOK via SAIGON & SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly PASSENGER service.

BUSHO MARU (omit. Deli).....Wednesday, 2nd May.

CALCUTTA—Monthly service via Singapore and Rangoon.

INDO MARU.....Monday, 7th May.

VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA & VANCOUVER—via Shanghai and Japan Ports taking cargo to OVERLAND PORTS U.S.A. Canada. Passenger service.

MANILA MARU (Calling at Dairen).....Sunday, 29th Apr.

NEW YORK via PANAMA.....Tuesday, 1st May.

HAWAII MARU.....Tuesday, 1st May.

JAPAN PORTS—Kobe & Yokohama.

ATTAI MARU.....Monday, 30th Apr.

SHUNKO MARU.....Sunday, 6th May.

KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY. These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers.

KIAO MARU.....Every Sunday Noon.

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TAKAO via SWATOW and AMOY.

ROBEU MARU.....Thursday, 10th May.

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SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

S.S. "KARONGA".....via Suez Canal.....37th Apr.

S.S. "ATREUS".....via Suez Canal.....6th May

S.S. "BURYLOHUS".....via Suez Canal.....15th May

S.S. "CITY OF BIRMINGHAM".....via Suez Canal.....28th May

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' Option.

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Hongkong, April 1, 1923.

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From Hongkong to Vancouver: May 23, June 1, June 8, June 15, June 22, June 29, July 6, July 13, July 20, July 27, Aug. 3, Aug. 10.

From Vancouver to Montreal: June 1, June 8, June 15, June 22, June 29, July 6, July 13, July 20, July 27, Aug. 3, Aug. 10.

Other Atlantic sailings every few days to Liverpool, Southampton, Glasgow, Antwerp, Cherbourg and Hamburg.

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TO LOS ANGELES AND SAN FRANCISCO FROM HONGKONG BY DIRECT ROUTE.

U.S.S. "West Onepaka".....Due Hongkong 15th May.
Leaves Hongkong 18th May.

CARGO ACCEPTED FOR TRANSHIPMENT AT SAN FRANCISCO TO WEEKLY SAILINGS FOR ATLANTIC SEABOARD PORTS THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO U.S. AND CANADIAN OVERLAND POINT.

TO MANILA, SAIGON AND SINGAPORE.U.S.S. "West Farallon".....Due Hongkong 28th Apr.
Leaves Hongkong 30th Apr.U.S.S. "Morse".....Due Hongkong 15th May.
Leaves Hongkong 18th May.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO ALL PORTS NOT SERVED.

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M.V. "MUNSTERLAND".....Due Hongkong 31st May.

HOMEWARD for Rotterdam and Hamburg via Philippine Islands.

M.V. "ERMLAND".....leaving Hongkong about 31st May.

M.V. "MUNSTERLAND".....leaving Hongkong about 1st July.

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OPERATING UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SHIPS

Vessels Due Hongkong Return Hongkong

U.S.S. "West Jessup".....5th May

U.S.S. "West Nomentum".....Mid. of May, 1st week in June

U.S.S. "Pawlet".....10th May.....10th June

U.S.S. "Pawlet".....Mid. June.....Mid. July

U.S.S. "Pawlet".....Mid. June.....Mid. July

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Appears stiff, is soft, launders without starch.

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YOUNG ATHLETES.

JUVENILE SOCIETY'S SPORTS.

Delightful weather, a trifle on the warm side perhaps, favoured the Hongkong Juvenile Society's 25th annual athletic meeting at Happy Valley racecourse on Saturday evening. The string band of the 24th Bombay Grenadiers (K.E.O.) added a good deal to the afternoon's enjoyment by playing some agreeable music. Miss Maria C. de Albuquerque, Castro gave away the prizes at the end of the afternoon.

The officials were as follows: President: Mr. D. C. Baptista. Judges: Chevalier J. M. Alves, and Messrs. J. C. Barreto, H. A. Castro, J. A. S. Alves, P. V. Botelho, A. C. Botelho, E. J. de Figueiredo, de Roza, M. A. de Figueiredo, V. V. Ribeiro, A. F. Silva-Netto, M. A. Remedios, J. M. V. Remedios, M. Noronha, I. Rocha and G. P. da Cruz. Referee: Mr. A. A. Alves. Starter: Mr. C. M. S. Alves. Handicappers: Messrs. A. V. Barros, A. A. R. Botelho, F. L. Silva, M. P. Baptista, A. C. Rosario, P. A. Yvanovich and S. A. Marcal. Clerks of the Course: Messrs. F. V. Ribeiro, J. Brito, L. J. Noronha and J. D. Marques. Hon. Secretary and Treasurer: Mr. A. J. V. Ribeiro.

Results.
The results were:—
100 Yards Handicap, for boys from 10 to 16 years of age: 1st, F. K. Silva; 2nd, J. Luiz.
100 Yards Handicap, for girls from 8 to 12 years of age: 1st, M. Alves; 2nd, C. Silva.
100 Yards Handicap, for boys from 6 to 10 years of age: 1st, C. Sequeira; 2nd, A. Barros.
220 Yards for boys from 8 to 12 years of age: 1st, J. Rocha; 2nd, Leo Silva.
One Mile Bicycle Race, Handicap: 1st, A. A. Remedios; 2nd, H. Graca.
150 Yards Handicap, for boys from 10 to 16 years of age: 1st, A. Castilho; 2nd, Leo Silva.
Half Mile Race for Challenge Cup, open to boys under 16 years of age. (Cup presented by the late Mr. J. A. de Carvalho): 1st, A. Carvalho; 2nd, C. A. Barreto.
100 Yards Handicap, for girls from 6 to 10 years of age: 1st, C. Barros.
120 Yards Handicap, for boys from 6 to 10 years of age: 1st, M. Campos; 2nd, T. Alves.
100 Yards Handicap, for girls from 6 to 10 years of age: 1st, H. Alves; 2nd, M. Xavier.
Sack Race, for boys from 10 to 16 years of age: 1st, B. Gosano; 2nd, B. Victor.
50 Yards for boys under 6 years of age: 1st, D. Alves; 2nd, S. Osozo.
100 Yards (Girls' Championship): 1st, J. Oliveira; 2nd, C. Xavier.
50 Yards Handicap for boys and girls under 6 years of age: Boys—1st, B. S. Osmund; 2nd, A. Osozo; Girls—1st, A. Alves; 2nd, C. Campos.
440 Yards "Matonmoro" (Challenge Cup): 1st, A. Carvalho; 2nd, C. Barreto.
150 Yards (Girls' Championship): 1st, D. Xavier; 2nd, M. Remedios.
220 Yards Handicap for boys from 10 to 16 years of age: 1st, J. Sequeira; 2nd, C. Osozo.
50 Yards Handicap for boys under 6 years of age: 1st, D. Alves; 2nd, R. Silva.
Team Race, Kowloon v. Hongkong: 1st, Kowloon (Team: A. Carvalho, M. Soares, M. Remedios, J. Aquino).
Tug-of-War, Kowloon v. Hongkong: Kowloon.

FOOTBALL.

S. CHINA VS. HONGKONG. AND CLUB.

On Saturday afternoon, despite the fact that they played two men short for practically half the game, the South China soccer team defeated a strong eleven composed of six of the Hongkong Club, four from Kowloon and Lt. Jones of the King's.

The Club pressed to commence with, W. Stewart missing a good opportunity. An abortive corner to South China followed. After Rodger, had stopped a warm shot from Ip Kau, Wong was pulled up for offside. With play transferred to the other end Forsyth headed wide from a corner kick. The remainder of this half was in favour of South China, but the interval arrived without a goal to either side. Shortly after the resumption, Lai Yuk-tai, in attempting to clear, wrenched his knee and had to leave the field. A few minutes later, the Chinese lost their centre half (Leung Tai-fong) through injury. Undeterred by these reverses the South China "nine" kept up the attack and Wong registered the first point with a high shot, which Rodger could not reach. A minute later, Lei Weimong headed into the net when Rodger had left his goal to clear. With two points to their credit, the Chinese remained on the defensive and, despite the pressure of the opposing forwards, managed to keep their goal intact. The final scores read: South China 2; Hongkong and Club 0.

The teams were: South China—Lau Hing-chung; Ng Kam-chuen and Lai Yuk-tai; Leung Yuk-wing, Leung Tai-fong and Wong Shui-wang; Pang Kam-wing, Ip Kau, Wong Pak-chong, Lei Wei-tong and Chan Kwong-yiu. Hongkong Club—G. Rodger; Wheeler and Bishop; McKelvie, J. Stewart and Pasco; Clemo Forsyth, Lt. Jones, W. Stewart and Beggs. Referee: Mr. Hollands.

TENNIS LEAGUE.

"B" DIVISION.

In the "B" Division of the Hongkong Tennis League Civil Service Cricket Club "B" team beat Craigengower "A" team on Saturday by 70 games to 29. Scores:

Stroud and Smith (C.S.C.C.) beat Lawrence and MacFarlane 7-4, beat Andrews and Modi 10-1, lost to Bana and Heley 5-6. Clear and Luck (C.S.C.C.) beat Lawrence and MacFarlane 7-4, beat Andrews and Modi 9-2, beat Bana and Heley 5-6. Hollidge and Deakin (C.S.C.C.) beat Lawrence and MacFarlane 9-2, beat Andrews and Modi 8-3, beat Bana and Heley 7-4.

OBITUARY.

THE VERY REV. FATHER P. DE MARIA.

Bishop Pozzoni has received by cable the sad news of the death of his Vicar Delegate, the Very Rev. Father P. de Maria, who left here for Italy on February 27 in the hope of recovering his health. The message, which was sent from Milan on April 28, states that Father de Maria passed away ten days after reaching home. Father de Maria, who was born in Piedmont in 1866, arrived here in 1888 and, with the exception of a brief sojourn in Hoifung, he had spent his life in Hongkong. He always showed a keen interest in education and was a member of the local Board of Education. As correspondent for the Catholic Schools, he played a leading part in bringing them to their present state of efficiency. As Parish Priest of St. Francis Church in Wanchai, he won a host of friends, who will be deeply grieved to hear of his death.

LENGTHY LAW CASES.

JUDGE ON MODERN CROSS-EXAMINATION.

At the end of a case in Westminster County Court Judge Sir Alfred Tobin said there had been careful, laborious, meticulous cross-examination on both sides. Such methods had been adopted by the most able leaders at the Bar recently and had not been discouraged by eminent judges. In his opinion, this led to the unnecessary prolongation of cases and a great waste of time as well as of litigants' money.

The modern method was nothing like so effective as the quick, short way of cross-examination adopted by the great cross-examining counsel of the past. In future he would discourage these modern methods by depriving the successful party of costs where the case had been too long drawn out. His remarks did not apply to the able counsel in the case, for they had only loyally followed the example set

CABARET CONCERT.

ANOTHER EASMA-SUCCESS.

The Easma Club's second cabaret concert drew another big crowd to the City Hall on Saturday night. This time, profiting by experience gained on the last occasion, the organising committee were careful to limit the number of tickets issued so that, though every available seat was taken, congestion was avoided.

A capital musical programme was run through first of all in St. Andrew's Hall and after that there was dancing in St. George's Hall. During an interval in the dance programme Mlle. Lucy de Sheimo, a clever Russian danseuse, gave a delightful exhibition of classical dancing which won her a well-merited ovation. At the close of the concert Mr. N. Teesdale Mackintosh, President of the Association, thanked the artists and the audience.

Those who contributed to the programme were—Mrs. S. Collette (songs), Mrs. R. K. Duncan (songs), Mr. Crocker (songs), Mr. Thompson (songs), Mr. G. W. C. Burnett (recitation), Mr. Cain (songs), Mr. T. G. Patterson (songs), Corp. Olive (songs), and Mr. A. P. Glanville (songs).

LABOUR CAMPAIGN.

FINANCIAL AID FOR SUN.

Over \$150,000 is said to have been raised by labourites for Sun Yat-sen and another \$100,000 is expected in the course of the next two months. It is stated that Yeung Sai-ngan, Canton Finance Commissioner, is to come to Hongkong every week-end to receive on behalf of Sun whatever subscriptions have been raised on his behalf.

Last February it was decided by members of the labour guilds that practical aid be given to Dr. Sun. Accordingly, each man was asked to donate at least \$1 and the \$150,000 is said to have been the result of three months' active canvassing.

Four or five women's guilds are reported to have contributed while members of the Butchers' guild are said to have given a month's pay each.

HONGKONG'S GARRISON.

STRENGTH FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.

The garrison of Hongkong in the year 1923-24 is to consist of 2,848 of all ranks and arms, including two companies of Royal Artillery, 237 of all ranks; 7 officers and 45 of other ranks of the Royal Engineers, 1 officer and 28 of other ranks of the Royal Corps of Signals, a battalion of British infantry, 887 strong; 4 officers and 30 of other ranks of the Royal Army Service Corps, detachments of Medical, Dental, Ordnance, Veterinary, Pay, Military Accounts and Educational Corps, and 1,426 of all ranks of Indian and Colonial troops.

In Malaya the strength of the garrison will be 1,335 of all ranks and arms, including one company of Royal Artillery, a battalion of British infantry, detachments of departmental corps and 118 native troops. The North China garrison, now much reduced since Wei-hai-wei is to be merely a health station, will be 926 of all ranks and arms, including a battalion of British infantry and some departmental troops.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Paul Lectat, (M. M. Cie) from Yokohama, Shanghai—A6.
Venezia, (Doddwell & Co.) from Shanghai—A4.
Suiyang, (B. & S.) from Shanghai—B12.
Kanchow, (B. & S.) from Canton—B12.
Haifoong, (Douglas & Co.) from Foochow, Swatow—Co's Wharf.
Rairan Maru, (Y.K.K.) from Keelung—C48.
Yuensang, (J. M. & Co.) from Manila—C32.
E-sang, (J. M. & Co.) from Shanghai, Swatow—Co's Wharf.
Chaksang, (J. M. & Co.) from Bangkok, Swatow—C37.

DEPARTURES.

Tjisondari, (J.C.I.L.) for Dainy, Chinwantao—April 30.
Paul Lectat, (M. M. Cie) for Mar-seilles, Saigon—April 30.
Yuan Hong, (Yuen Seng Fat) for Canton—April 30.
Protestant, (B. & S.) for Cebu, Manila—April 30.
Suiyang, (B. & S.) for Canton—April 30.
Hydrangea, (Chun Oh) for Swatow—April 30.
Dux, (Lee Beng Kee) for Bangkok—April 30.
E-sang, (J. M. & Co.) for Canton—April 30.

INTERPORT CRICKET.

HONGKONG TEAM DISCUSSED.

Discussing the forthcoming interport cricket contest at Shanghai the Shanghai Mercury says:—

"At the moment the weather here suggests anything but the approach of the cricket season. The trial game just played in Hongkong, however, comes as a reminder that bat and stumps will soon be making their appearance, and that the International Settlement will be renewing rivalry with the Crown Colony. In last November's meeting the Settlement's representatives, playing away, snatched the victory in a game that fluctuated to a remarkable degree. Since then Hongkong has lost two of its best bowlers, Capt. Huvelock-Davies and Evans having gone home. Shanghai, too, has experienced losses through Clive Brook and now Mr. Deeks leaving, so that the port's two best wicket-keepers have gone. The Hongkong practice match—though such meetings are not a very dependable criterion—suggests that Shanghai has a good chance of notching another win, especially as, playing here, there will probably be a large number of available players to select from than was the case in the autumn. The Hongkong "Probables" had a comfortable win, the opposing side, composed mostly of Kowloon players, giving a moderate exhibition. However, the winners did not display any formidable batting ability. Captained by the veteran, Pearce (who, figuring last on the card, did not bat), there were several faces new to interport cricket. The performances did not rise above the "useful" standard, the top score being 30. The highest innings in the match was 43 by Capt. Spinks for the losers. An old interport hand in A. E. Wood, it is interesting to note, made a prodigious hit to leg, the ball apparently finding a resting-place in the harbour. Perhaps the most encouraging feature, from the Colony's point of view, was a piece of bowling by Baker, who captured four wickets for one run. It is early to judge at present, but the indications are that the visiting team will not be so strong as the one Shanghai beat by two wickets five or six months ago.

Some well-informed people go so far as to assert that the Russo-Japanese effort at a rapprochement has already become a dangerous factor in the political situation, and others well-informed, interviewed by Reuter's correspondent, assert that Viscount Goto has hazarded his future political ambitions upon bringing Japan and Russia together, forming the nucleus of an entirely new quadruple Entente, but the most influential quarters in Japan have already determined against Viscount Goto.

Conservative leaders positively assert that Viscount Goto has failed to establish a footing for negotiations. Nevertheless, there are strong rumours afloat that Japan may be induced to see the Soviet in a more favourable light if Moscow is willing to permit Japan to occupy and enjoy rights at Saghalien indefinitely, lease or sell. Courtesy Daily Bulletin.

FISHING DISPUTE.

RUSSO-JAPANESE WRANGLE.

TOKYO, April 29.

The crux of the Japan-Russian situation, of which Viscount Goto is now the centre, lies in the fishing rights in the Maritime Province, in which Japanese business men are vitally interested.

The Siberian Government is withholding permission pending some proposition from Japan involving recognition. Unless some compromise is reached during May permitting the Japanese to secure rights heavy financial losses will be incurred.

It is understood that M. Joffe is now prepared to offer large concessions to induce some sort of recognition by Japan, which Viscount Goto favours. The more conservative official and other elements oppose recognition upon the ground that it is premature.

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CHINA'S FINANCES.

WILD PEKING RUMOURS.

PEKING, April 29.

To-day's reports regarding the financial situation are of the wildest description, suggesting "grants" of from \$12,000,000 to \$30,000,000 from four banks. Courtesy Daily Bulletin.

CHINA'S CURSE.

BANDITS IN HONAN.

KAI-FENG, April 29.

Kang Yu-wei, who has arrived from Loyang, where he was the guest of Wu-Pei-fu, is now staying with the Honan Government. Five thousand ex-bandit soldiers, who were recently transferred from south-west Honan to East Honan, are already terrorising the districts they occupy. Courtesy Daily Bulletin.

OBITUARY.

MARCHIONESS OKUMA.

TOKYO, April 30.

The Marchioness Okuma is dead.—Reuter.

CANTON WAR.

KWANGSI-TEES ADVANCE.

LOOKING AT SHUING.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

CANTON, April 28.

A curious feature of the fighting between Sun's troops and the Northerners on the North River front is that one side gains successes only to be driven back on other sections of the front. It has not been denied that Sun's troops have retired along the Yueh-Hai Railway for some distance and it must be concluded that Shun's men, reinforced with the Northerners, have advanced and regained some of the stations previously vacated. On the other hand, it is claimed that the pro-Sun troops broke through another part of the Northerners' line and have attacked Ching Yuen. Lack of suitable transport has probably prevented the combatants from keeping their alignment.

Both sides have suffered heavy casualties in the fighting. The supply of competent men, drafts will soon prove insufficient and the campaign will ultimately be won by the faction able to rush up reinforcements continually.

It has been confirmed that the Kwangsi-Teetook Shuiling, being aided by the disloyalty of one Cantonese detachment. The pro-Sun troops are re-attacking in several directions and the fall of the town has again been mentioned. With the fighting in close proximity his news is entirely suspended.

A merchant who has made his home in Canton speaks of fighting by both factions, especially in the business section. A large number of shops were visited several times, until practically everything of value was removed.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

ICE CREAM.

The following flavours may be had in brick form, on 24 hours' notice:—

VANILLA COFFEE LEMON
STRAWBERRY NEAPOLITAN CHOCOLATE
RASPBERRY all

\$2.00 per quart brick.

Deliciously Cooling and Refreshing.

Made at our Farm under expert European supervision and from ingredients of highest quality only.

NIAGARA FALLS CANDY

Operated by the On Lok Yuen Co., Ltd.
29-31, Des Voeux Road Central.

IT'S A BRICK!

YES A BRICK ICE CREAM.

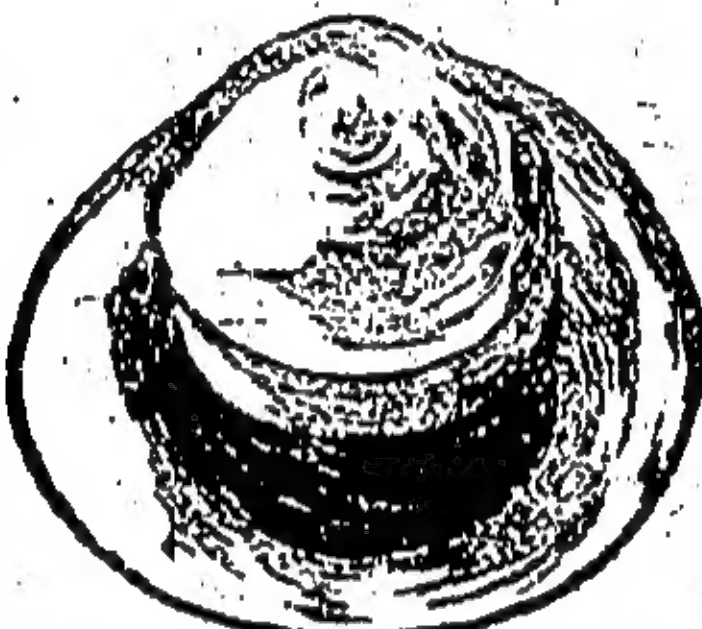
PACKED TO YOUR HOME WITHOUT MELTING ON THE WAY.

FOR SUMMER PARTIES, PICNICS AND OUTINGS THERE IS NO BETTER OR MORE CONVENIENT REFRESHER THAN THE BRICK ICE CREAM.

Order through telephone—Our number is 1022 and we will send you a Brick Ice Cream.

JUST ARRIVED
NEW MANILA HATS

MADE OF PURE PHILIPPINE HEMP



Come immediately!

Get your Stylish One!

Don't miss the opportunity!

Prices Moderate!

CALL AT

SWATOW LACE COMPANY,

171, Queen's Road, Central.

PHONE 1468 (HONG ON)

KWA JENG LEE,

Manager.

NIKKO & CO.

Japanese and Chinese
FINE ART CURIOS
AND
Fancy Goods, etc., etc.

71, Des Voeux Road,
Corner of Pottinger St.
HONGKONG.

TEL. CENT.
1259.

P. O. Box
452.

VISITOR FROM SEATTLE

BOARDING HOUSE ASSAULT.

CRIMINAL COURT TRIAL.

At the Criminal Sessions, this morning, before the Puisne Judge (Mr. Justice Gompertz) and a jury, Lo Siu Sang was charged with assault with intent to rob. The case had been remanded from the last sessions, when prisoner had entered a plea of not guilty.

Mr. H. K. Holmes, Crown Solicitor, appeared to prosecute. The prisoner was undefended.

The members of the jury were: Messrs. J. Manners, G. A. Harman, A. Remedios, M. Rafeek, N. Stephenson, F. F. da Silva, D. Haig.

The prisoner was charged with having on March 2, at Victoria, assaulted Wu Kwan with intent to rob.

Mr. Holmes, before opening the case for the Crown, stated that Wu Kwan, the man assaulted, had left the Colony, but that the Crown was prepared to go on with the case. Wu Kwan, at the time of the assault, was on a visit here from Seattle. Before leaving the Colony, however, he had made a deposition, which was put in as evidence.

Continuing, Mr. Holmes said that the prisoner in company with Kwang-chuen (killed by the police in attempting to escape), had assaulted Wu Kwan at the King Wo boarding house. Wu was a man of means from Seattle on a visit here. On the day in question, the

prisoner and his accomplice were shown into the room of Wu by one of the hotel boys. They said that one Wu Lai-cho had sent them to call him. Wu Kwan, though he said he was not acquainted with Wu Lai-cho, agreed to go and visit him. As Wu turned round to reach his coat, the prisoner seized him by the throat and attempted to gag him with an orange. Kwang-chuen drew a revolver. Wu Kwan put up a struggle and shouted for help. At this, both visitors ran out of the room. The prisoner did not get clear of the premises; his accomplice, gained the street, but was killed in an exchange of shots with the police.

Inspector Pincott, the first witness for the Crown, testified to having seen Wu Kwan on board the "Shenyo Maru" with a ticket for Seattle.

Mr. Holmes, with permission of the Court, then read the deposition of Wu Kwan. The gist of the statement was that when the men called, the visitor from Seattle had on his person three \$20 American gold pieces, two \$10 pieces, \$70, \$80 in Hongkong banknotes and a quantity of jewellery, among which was a diamond ring valued at \$600. When prisoner had attacked him, Wu Kwan had bitten his finger and raised the alarm. He did not join in the chase after the robbers.

The Crown called nine other witnesses, who bore out the statement of the Crown Solicitor. Prisoner was found guilty and sentenced to 7 years' rigorous imprisonment.

NAPOLEON'S EXILE.

VALET'S ST. HELENA MEMOIRS.

EMPEROR'S "TURNED" CLOTHES.

A vivid and touching account of Napoleon in his later years is given by his second valet Louis Etienne St. Denis, whose personal recollections have just been published under the title of "Napoleon from the Tuileries to St. Helena" (Harper 12s. 6d.) with an introduction by Professor G. Michant, who is married to St. Denis's great-granddaughter. The translation and notes are by P. H. Potter.

These memoirs are of far greater truthfulness than Constant's famous but very dubious volumes. They were seen and examined by that great Napoleonic authority M. Frederic Masson ten years or more ago, and pronounced genuine. "The world has long been waiting for their publication, as also for the publication of Marchand's memoirs, which have also been scrutinized by M. Masson."

St. Denis was a good observer and an educated man, the son of a minor official at Louis XVI's Court. He was not only Napoleon's valet but also in the sad days of his captivity and illness acted as his librarian and copyist. He was devoted, body and soul, to his master. He wrote some time after Napoleon's death and did not keep a journal, so that at times he makes small mistakes.

He records a good deal about Napoleon that is new and most interesting. The Emperor kept a sharp eye on the books read by his valets.

It was a good look he would put it back where he found it, but if it was bad he would show a lively displeasure at the fact that the reading of such books in his palace was permitted. I am not sure that he did not throw them into the fire.

SIMPLE HABITS.

At St. Helena, in his banishment, nothing was more striking than the Emperor's simplicity of habits.

He wore a shooting coat at first, and when this, after having been turned, became really too bad, he wore in its place a civilian's coat, green or brown. He never wore anything but silk stockings. He never wore gloves unless he were going out on horseback, and then he was more likely to put them in his pocket than on his hands. The Emperor never wore any jewelry except a watch.

He was annoyed at anything he regarded as a personal slight, and kicked St. Denis with his imperial toe "for using the pronoun *you* instead of *your Majesty*." He was careless of himself.

The Emperor did not at all know how to take care of his health. He knew that dampness gave him colds; well, it often happened that he went to walk and allowed himself to be caught in the rain. He would let himself get wet. He was absolutely like a child.

In the long sad nights at St. Helena, when death was drawing near to him, "he would cough so loud that he could be heard all over the house"—awake while the rats scurried to and fro in the rambling corridors. The account of his last illness is, in its perfect simplicity, an affecting one.

The Emperor died without the slightest perceptible convulsion and without the least stiffening; he went out as the light of a lamp goes out.

St. Denis does not mention the "last words" with which history credits Napoleon—"France, army, head of the army, Josephine." The only utterance of his during that tremendous closing scene of his life which the valet records is this:

"He would ask for a little wine from time to time, which they hastened to give him. He said after drinking a few drops, 'Ah, how good wine is! How good wine is!'"

Mr. Frederick Moore, Foreign Counsellor in the Foreign Office Bureau of Information, is proceeding to Shanghai, and thence to Peking, says a Tokyo telegram to the *Daily Bulletin*. Mr. Moore was formerly the correspondent at Peking for the Associated Press of America.

Harry Ross, boatswain of the s.s. "President Grant" was arrested yesterday by Sergeant Langley of the Water Police and charged with the unlawful possession of 5 bottles of cocaine or 1995 official doses. The contraband was discovered in Ross's cabin when the liner was searched on arrival. He will appear before Mr. J. R. Wood at the Magistrate's at 4.30 p.m. to-day.

IN 25,000 B.C.

A HANDSOME RACE.

CLEVER SURGERY.

Written without pedantic technicalities and with its accuracy vouched for by that high authority on anthropology, Professor Elliot Smith, Mr. Donald A. Mackenzie's "Ancient Man in Britain" (Blackie, 12s. 6d.) gives a most interesting account of our more remote ancestors, in the Stone Age and in days down to Roman times.

Some 25,000 years or so ago it is known from skeletons that the men found in Britain in all essential features were of modern type. They would, dressed in modern attire, pass through the streets of a modern city without particular notice being taken of them. One branch was particularly tall and handsome, with an average height for the males of 6ft. 1 1/2 in.

Indeed, according to Professor Elliot Smith, "they were, if anything, both physically and mentally superior to the average present-day inhabitants of Europe."

These people suffered from our complaints. There is evidence in skeletons of the effects of rheumatism and of bad teeth. They were clever surgeons and could trepan the skull with success as skulls have been found in which the wound made by trepanning has healed. They buried the dead with rites which proved that their minds, like ours, were occupied with the mysteries of life and death. In the mouths of some of the dead have been found green stone amulets, as in Egyptian burials, as far back as 3400 B.C., and perhaps even further. The latest evidence from Asshur, in Assyria, has even been thought to suggest that Sargon, who ruled there 2600 B.C., may have sent ships to Britain.

He conquered Kaptara (Cete), and the "Tin Land beyond the Upper Sea" (the Mediterranean). The explanation may be that he obtained control of the markets to which the Easterners carried from Spargos and the coasts of Northern Europe the ores and pearls they had found. It may be, therefore, that Britain was visited by Easterners even before Sargon's time.

British jet has been found in very early graves in Spain, linking up Spain with Britain in days long before Romulus founded Rome. Even more interesting is the fact that beads of a peculiar blue colour, which are now identified as undoubtedly of Egyptian origin and as dating back to some time between 1500 B.C. and 1250 B.C. (or about the period of Turin's Amen), have been found in very ancient British graves, and can now be seen in the Devises Museum.

We are even told that "a regular overseas trade-route was in existence." So far as has yet been ascertained, there was no other source than Britain from which the ancient world could draw the tin it needed in such immense quantities for its bronze.

Annie was obviously sleepy, and it was getting late. "Come to bed now, darling," said mother. "Both of it" was Annie's answer. "I'm too little to stay up at night, and too big to stay in bed in the morning!"

HAVE YOU RHEUMATISM IN ANY OF ITS FORMS?

If So, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are What You Need.

All forms of rheumatic trouble are due to the same cause, a debilitated state of the blood. This explains why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the renowned Blood and Nerve Tonic, have cured more cases of rheumatism and its kindred ailments than any other form of disease excepting anaemia.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN ENGLAND.

Mr. Ernest Ramsden, of 6 Bradley Place, Harley, Wexham, states: "Just before last Christmas I began to have acute pains in my legs and shoulders. The doctor said it was rheumatism. For six weeks I suffered awfully. Then I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In less than a week I was feeling brighter and stronger. Soon my cure was complete. The price for this cure must be given to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

LUMBAGO CURED IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Mr. T. P. MacDonald, of Trompsburg, Transvaal, reports: "Lumbago confined me to bed for months, suffering day and night. One day my wife received a letter advising her to treat me with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I started a course and was completely cured."

SCIATICA CURED IN NEW ZEALAND.

Mr. Walter Mullis, of 3 Beach St., Petone, near Wellington, says: "What I went through after Sciatica attacked my right leg is almost past belief. My leg shrank and agonizing pains shot down my calf. Once I had to have sleeping draughts administered or I would have gone out of my mind. Doctor treated me, but in spite of all efforts I suffered until I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills cured me. I have never had a relapse."

If you have rheumatism, or any other form of trouble due to impure weak blood, get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Obtainable from medicine vendors everywhere, or post-free, \$1.00 per bottle, \$3.00 for 6 bottles, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 50 Kluge Road, Shanghai.

NOTICE TO SHIPWRECKED PASSENGERS.

REJECTED DE ARRIERE.

KEINA COAST, ETC.

SWATOW.

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PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, ETC.

MANILA.

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Corfu Palace, & Princess Hermine

Reports are current that Princess Hermine of Reuss, second wife of the ex-Kaiser, desires to leave their exile home at Doorn, Holland, and visit the ex-Kaiser's wonderful palace on the Island of Corfu, in the Mediterranean, if the Greek Government will consent to hand it over.



Mustapha Kemal Pasha, the Turkish leader, and his wife. The Nationalist Chief is always surrounded by this picked bodyguard who would think nothing of dying for him. Villa Ouchakly is the beautiful home of the wife of Mustapha Kemal Pasha, situated in the suburbs of Smyrna and overlooking the bay.



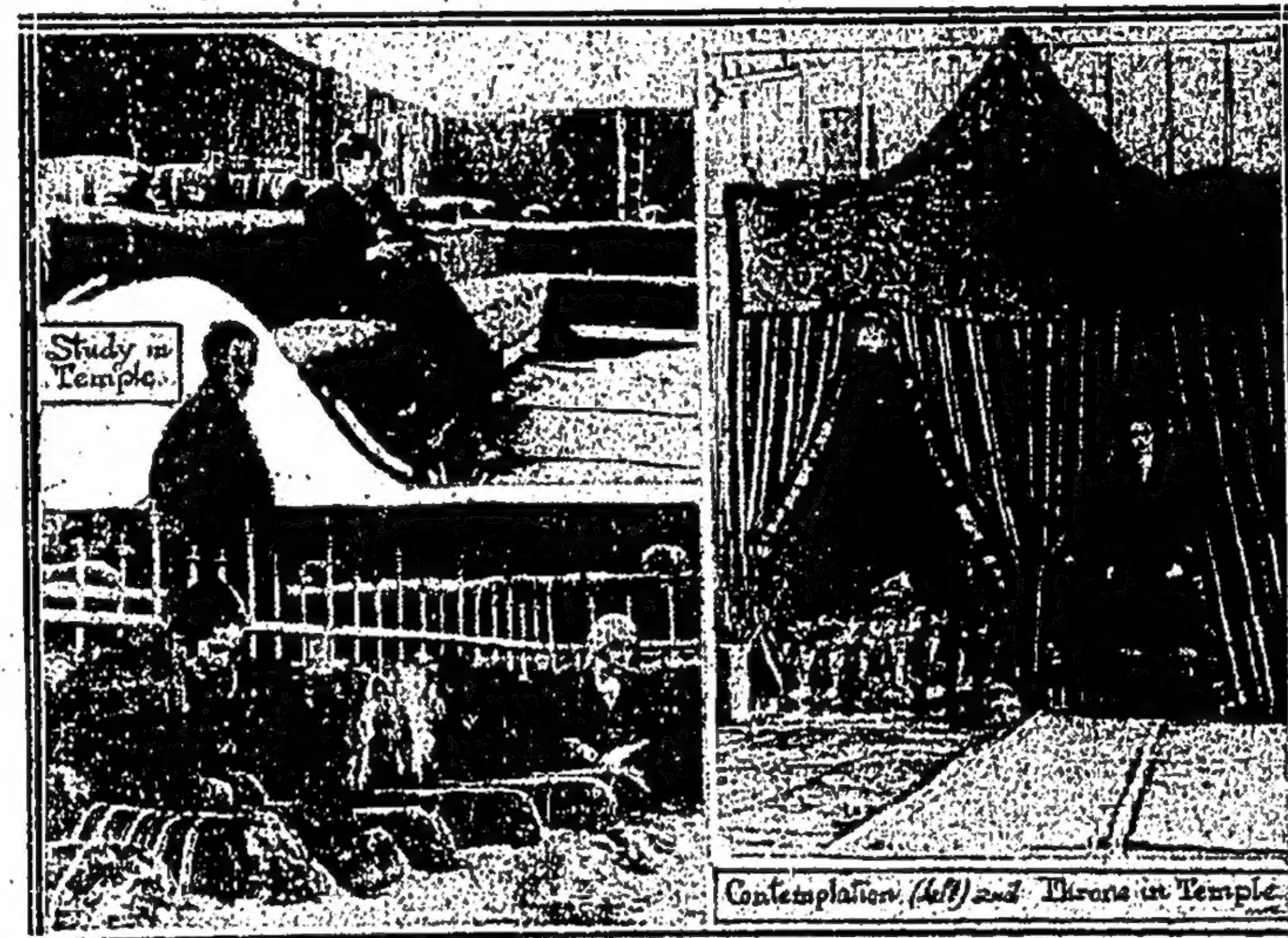
Mrs. Sylvia Gough

Mrs. Sylvia Gough, daughter of the prominent South African financier, George Cawston, is being sued in London for divorce by Mr. Willred Hugh J. Gough, son of General S. J. Gough, of Afghan war fame. Mr. Gough has mentioned three men, among them a Baron, as co-respondents. Mrs. Gough, a London beauty, was formerly prominent on the stage and screen.



Monsignor Fumasoni-Biondi & Archbishop P.J. Hayes

Monsignor Fumasoni-Biondi, newly appointed Apostolic Delegate to Washington, being greeted by Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes, of the Diocese of New York, upon his arrival from Rome on the liner "Taormina." He has served as Papal Delegate to India and Japan and as Titular Archbishop of Disceala.



The famous Forest of Fontainebleau, near Paris, where ancient French monarchs held their trysts, now contains a beautiful temple of a new school of the occult, headed by a Greek mystic, and made up of a band of disciples of men and women which includes many of those famous in the old Russian court and others from society life in England. Striving to live a secluded and simple life, they hope to attain "soul emancipation." Only those visitors who wish to join the cult are permitted to enter. They are received at a beautiful villa, and if they convince the committee they are desirable they are enrolled as members. Within the wood is a gorgeous temple for study and meditation, a unique amphitheatre, with rare carpets and rugs and pillows that will rival any other collection in the world.



James J. Jeffries is shown, in his latest photograph, receiving the condolences of Eddie Leonard, the famous comedian, who called to tell him how sorry he was the former world's champion heavy-weight had had to go into bankruptcy.



THE NEW REMINGTON PORTABLE TYPEWRITER.

"COMPACT AS A WATCH"

STANDARD KEYBOARD
NO SHIFTING FOR FIGURES.

MUSTARD & COMPANY

DISTRIBUTORS
Hongkong & China.

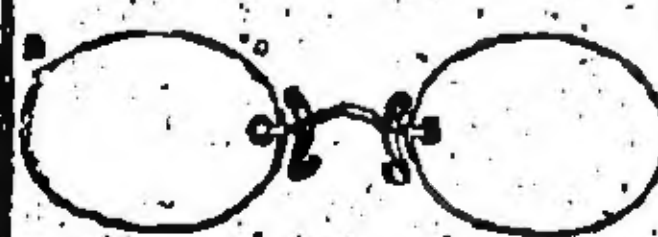
17, Connaught Road Central.

Tel. Central 1188.



EYES RIGHT

If not consult the
CHINESE OPTICAL CO.
67 Queen's Road Central.



The house recommended by
many local doctors for its
accuracy and cheapness.

SEE US THEN, SEE

BRINGING UP FATHER



THE CHARTERED BANK OF
INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

1853.
HEAD OFFICE, N.Y.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General
Banking business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year
or shorter periods at rates which will be
quoted on application.
- **A. H. FERGUSON,**
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO CHINE

HEAD OFFICE:
98, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... FR. 72,000,000.0
PAID UP CAPITAL ... FR. 36,000,000.0
RESERVE FUNDS ... FR. 59,467,233.5

BRANCHES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Saigon
Batambang	Mongtsie	Shanghai
Canton	Noumea	Singapore
Djibouti	Papete	Tientsin
Hai Phong	Peking	Tonkin
Hankow	Ynnam-Poh	Yunnan

IN FRANCE: Comptoir National
d'Escompte de Paris, Credit

IN LONDON:—The National Provincial & Union, Bank of England Ltd. Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris Credit Lyonnais.

IN NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan & Co. French American Banking Corporation Guaranty Trust Co.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts

and FIXED Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.
V. MARBOT,
Acting Manager.
Hongkong, Nov. 1, 1890.

**BANK OF CANTON
LIMITED**
**HEAD OFFICE
HONGKONG.**

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and
General Banking Business transacted
CURRENT ACCOUNTS
2% per annum on the daily credit
balances of over \$100.00.

INTEREST ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 Months 3% per annum.
For 6 Months 4% per annum.
For 12 Months 5% per annum.
On demand 2% per annum.

LOOK POONG SHAN,
Chief Manager,
Hongkong, May 24, 1921.

**THE CHINESE MERCHANTS
BANK, LTD.**

HEAD OFFICE:

Alexandra Buildings, Chester Road,

General Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Loans granted on approved securities.
Current Accounts opened and Fixed Deposits received at rates which may be ascertained on application.
The Bank also conducts a Savings Department.

E. C. LAU,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, Aug. 17, 1930.

**THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE
BANK, LTD.**
INCORPORATED IN JAPAN
ESTABLISHED 1860.

CAPITAL (fully paid up) .. Yen 100,000,000
RESERVE FUND .. Yen 60,000,000

10-10-68

[illegible]

NAGASAKI
NAGAYA

Interest allowed on Current Accounts.
Deposits received for fixed periods at rates
to be obtained on application.

Hongkong, March 10, 1933

NOTICE.

HIGH-CLASS PRINTING

AND
BOOK BINDING
DONE AT
THE CHINA MAIL OFFICE
BOOKS & PAMPHLETS A SPECIALTY

Prospectuses, Trade Circulars,
Programmes, Maps, etc. etc
Artistically Arranged and
Carefully Printed.
Clean fresh and prompt delivery
guaranteed.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Banks

The Bank of Canton, Ltd.,
Des Voeux Road Central.

Shina Speels Bank, Ltd.
8, Duddell Street.

The Chinese Merchants' Bank, Ltd.,
Alexandra Bldgs., Chater Road.

Building Contractors

Wing On & Co.
Building Contractors,
4, D'Aguilar Street. Tel. Cen. 1597.

Coal Merchants

Callan Mining Admin. (c/o) Dwyer & Co.,
Eld., Colliery & Steamship Owners.
Gloucester Coal, Cok, Firebricks.

C. Kikura & Co.
1, Connaught Road Central.

Swong Hing & Co., Coal Merchants
of Des Voeux Rd. Cen. Tel. Cen. 2738.

Watsui & Co., 5 Queen's Road Central.
Merchants, Coal Contractors and
Shipping Agents—Phone Cen. 1543.

Cotton Yarn Importers

Gosho Kabushiki Kaisha,
Importers Cotton Yarn & Piece
Goods, 27, Mercantile Bank
Building, Tel. Cen. 2774 and 3908.

Curio Dealers

Gock Wing, Chinese Curio & Silver Ware.

Dentist

Harry Fong, Dentist,
1st floor, No. 74, Queen's Road
Central, Tel. Central No. 1445.

Electrical Suppliers

Sun Hing Co., Electricians and
Electrical Contractors, 10, Typewriter
Boulevard, 10 Pottinger St. Tel. Cen. 3880.

Engineers & Shipbuilders

W. S. Bailey & Co., Ltd.,
Engineers & Shipbuilders,
Rowland Bay
New Work & Repairs
Call Fax "L."

Glass Merchants

A. Ling & Co., Glass Merchants,
Furniture, Mirror and Canton Marble
Manufacturers, Electro-plated, Glass
and Crockery Ware and Photo
supplies, 18, Queen's Road Central,
Tel. Central No. 1219.

Hotels

Palace Hotel, Kowloon—Corner of
Highway and Hankow Roads. New
minutes from ferry.

Importers & Exporters

One Bros. & Co., Importers and
Exporters and Commission Agents,
Des Voeux Road.

Kwong Sun & Co., 58 Queen's Road
Central, K. C. Ching (Manager),
Kwong King Him (Asst.) Tel. Cen. 3189.

Masada Trading Co.,
Importers and Exporters,
21 Queen's Road Ctl. Tel. Cen. 1250.

Sam Hing Loong,
77-80 Queen's Road Central,
General Storekeepers, Wine & Cigar
Merchants, General Importers,
Exporters of Chinese Produce.
Tel. Central 351.

Fatell & Co., P. O. Box 515.

Land & Estate Agents

an Yick Cho, Land & Estate Agents
Tel. Central 911-1987,
35, Queen's Road Central.

Leather Goods

Nam Kang Suitcase Co.,
Best makers of Leather Suitcases,
Hand Bags, Purse, Belts, etc.
Pottinger St., 298 Queen's Rd. Ct.
and 38 Hillier St.

Ho Hing, 224 Des Voeux Road, Manu-
facturers of Leather Suitcases, Hand
Bags, Trunks etc.

Merchants

Asia Commercial & Development Co.,
China Bank Buildings (3rd floor) Tel. 3609.

Gibbs, J. & Co., Alexandra Building.

Millinery

Madame Lily, Alexandra Building,
Latest models and creations from
Paris in Frock and Millinery,
"The Centre of Fashion."

Miners

China Commercial Co., Ltd.,
Miners, Importers and Exporters
4-50 Queen's Road Ctl. Tel. Cen. 3902.

Modistes

Madame Fiat,
31, Queen's Road Cen. Tel. Cen. 583.
(Latest Fashion in Hats)

Optician

The Hongkong Optical Co., Phone 2222,
33, Queen's Road Central.

M. Lazarus, Optician,
Tel. Cen. 3234, 13, Queen's Rd. Central.

Photographers

Moe Uehung, Photographer,
23, Ice House Street,
7 Beaconfield Arcade (Branch),
Developing & Printing undertaken.

Printers

The "China Mail" General Printers,
Publishers and Bookbinders,
6, Wyndham Street, Tel. Cen. 25.

Scales

Mustard & Co., Connaught Road Ctl.

Ship Chandlers

Chung Fook, 78 Connaught Rd., Ctl.
First floor. Tel. Central 623.
Shipchandler, Storekeepers and
Comproadors.

Wang Kee & Co., Shipchandlers,
Comproadors, Storekeepers & Coal
Merchants, Ba at & Pilot supply,
No. 38 & 37, Connaught Road, Tel.
Central No. 948.

Shipowners

Man Wing S. S. Co., Ltd.,
38 Bonham Street West, Tel. Cen. 1710.
Regular Fortnightly Service
Hongkong and Haiphong via Hanoi
as "Haitan."

Thai Thuan S. S. Co., Ltd.,
147 Wing Lok Street, East, Tel. Cen. 93.
s.s. "Dorwin" s.s. "Borbon"
between Hongkong and Saigon.

Shoemakers

Jan Koo, Dealer in Sewing Machines
and Accessories, Boot & Shoe Maker,
7 Pottinger Street.

WONG SHU WOOD
BOOTS, SHOES & SLIPPERS FOR LADIES, GENTS
& CHILDREN, BEST DESIGNS, PRICES MODERATE.
21, POTTINGER ST. PHONE 1274.

Silk Stores

D. Chellaram, Royal Silk Store,
26a Queen's Road Central, Sain
Crepe de Chine, Georgette and
Brocade Silks.

Tailors

Hongkong Tailoring Co.,
Ladies' and Gent's Tailors,
10, D'Aguilar Street, New Materials
of all descriptions. Tel. Central 3880.

Ah Young, Tailors, Drapers & Out-
fitters, Hat & Clothing, Suits made
to order, No. 74, Queen's Road
Central, Tel. Central No. 5321.

Sing Cheong,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailor,
24, Wyndham Street, 2nd floor.

Tobaccos, Cigarettes

British American Tobacco Co.
(China), Ltd., 15-19 Connaught Road.

Typewriters, Etc.

Mustard & Co., Connaught Road Ctl.

Wine & Spirit Merchants

Kwan Tye, General Storekeeper,
Wine & Spirit Merchant,
No. 102, Queen's Road Central.

FARES FOR PUBLIC VEHICLES

The fares prescribed for public vehicles
are as follows:
1. In the Island of Hongkong, China
Road and Lower Levels, and in
Kowloon, and New Kowloon.

RICKSHAS

Five minutes, 5 cents
Ten minutes, 10
Quarter hour, 15
Half hour, 20
One hour, 30
Every subsequent hour, 30
If the rickshaws be engaged
within the City of Victoria, and be dis-
charged outside the Western part of the
City of Victoria after 9 p.m., or be dis-
charged to the East of Bay View Police
Station on the Eastern side of the City
of Victoria after 9 p.m., an extra half
hour shall be chargeable.
For 2 or 3 drivers the fare is double or
treble respectively.

11. In the Hill District.
Ten minutes, 15 cents
Quarter hour, 20
Half hour, 30
One hour, 40
Every subsequent hour, 40

12. In the New Territories.
By arrangement with the proprietors
through the Police.

CHAIRS

1. Lower Levels.
With 2 Drivers With 4 Drivers.
Ten minutes, 10 cents 20 cents
Quarter hour, 15 " 30 "
Half hour, 25 " 40 "
One hour, 35 " 50 "
Every subsequent hour, 25 " 40 "

2. Hill District.

With 2 Drivers With 4 Drivers.
Ten minutes, 15 cents 20 cents
Quarter hour, 20 " 30 "
Half hour, 30 " 40 "
One hour, 40 " 50 "
Every subsequent hour, 25 " 40 "

Take Care of Yourself.

If you want a clear head and good
digestion you must not let your bowels
become clogged with poisonous waste
from the body, as is always the case
when you become constipated. Proper
food, an abundance of water and plenty
of exercise will keep your bowels in
normal condition. What that all you
should take Chamberlain's Tablets.
They cause a gentle movement of the
bowels and are easy and pleasant to
take. For sale by all Chemists and
Storekeepers.

WEATHER REPORT.

Apr. 30d. 11h. 5m.—Pressure is
highest from S.W. Japan to the
Bonins. It has increased considerably
at Wladivostok, moderately over
S.W. Japan and slightly from
Shanghai to Hongkong and the
Philippines. It is nearly stationary
over Indo-China.

The depression is now central to
the north of Hokkaido.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours
ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.70 inch.
Total since January 1st, 9.55 inches
against an average of 11.01 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at
noon on May 1, 1923.

1.—Formosa Channel, N.E. winds,
moderate; fair.

2.—South coast of China between
Hongkong and Lamock, N.E. winds,
moderate; fair.

3.—Hongkong to Cap Rock, N.E.
winds, moderate; fair.

4.—South coast of China between
Hongkong and Hainan, N.E. winds,
moderate; fair.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY,
HONGKONG.

DAILY WEATHER MAPS

APRIL 30, 1923.—a.m.

APRIL 30, 1883.					Wind.
Station.	Bar.	Barometer at Sea Level.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Direction.
Hongkong	29.92	29.92	74	80	SW
Shanghai	29.88	29.88	74	80	SW
Amoy	29.85	29.85	74	80	SW
Swatow	29.83	29.83	74	80	SW
Yokohama	29.80	29.80	74	80	SW
Manila	29.78	29.78	74	80	SW
Cebu	29.75	29.75	74	80	SW
Batavia	29.72	29.72	74	80	SW
Singapore	29.70	29.70	74	80	SW
London	29.68	29.68	74	80	SW
Paris	29.65	29.65	74	80	SW
Bombay	29.62	29.62	74	80	SW
Calcutta	29.60	29.60	74	80	SW
Rangoon	29.58	29.58	74	80	SW
Yokohama	29.55	29.55	74	80	SW
Manila	29.52	29.52	74	80	SW
Cebu	29.50	29.50	74	80	SW
Batavia	29.48	29.48	74	80	SW
Singapore	29.45	29.45	74	80	SW
London	29.42	29.42	74	80	SW
Paris	29.40	29.40	74	80	SW
Bombay	29.38	29.38	74	80	SW
Calcutta	29.35	29.35	74	80	SW
Rangoon	29.32	29.32	74	80	SW
Yokohama	29.30	29.30	74	80	SW
Manila	29.28	29.28	74	80	SW
Cebu	29.25	29.25	74	80	SW
Batavia	29.22	29.22	74	80	SW
Singapore	29.20	29.20	74	80	SW
London	29.18	29.18	74	80	SW
Paris	29.15	29.15	74	80	SW
Bombay	29.12	29.12	74	80	SW
Calcutta	29.10	29.10	74	80	SW
Rangoon	29.08	29.08	74	80	SW
Yokohama	29.05	29.05	74	80	SW
Manila	29.02	29.02	74	80	SW
Cebu	29.00	29.00	74	80	SW
Batavia	28.98	28.98	74	80	SW
Singapore	28.95	28.95	74	80	SW
London	28.92	28.92	74	80	SW
Paris	28.90	28.90	74	80	SW
Bombay	28.88	28.88	74	80	SW
Calcutta	28.85	28.85	74	80	SW
Rangoon	28.82	28.82	74	80	SW
Yokohama	28.80	28.80	74	80	SW
Manila	28.78	28.78	74	80	SW
Cebu	28.75	28.75	74	80	SW
Batavia	28.72	28.72	74	80	SW
Singapore	28.70	28.70	74	80	SW
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Bombay	28.38	28.38	74	80	SW
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Batavia	27.98	27.98	74	80	SW
Singapore	27.95	27.95	74	80	SW
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Batavia	25.22	25.22	74	80	SW
Singapore	25.20	25.20	74	80	SW
London	25.18	25.18	74	80	SW
Paris	25.15	25.15	74	80	SW
Bombay	25.12	25.12	74	80	SW
Calcutta	25.10	25.10	74	80	SW
Rangoon	25.08	25.08	74	80	SW
Yokohama	25.05	25.05	74	80	SW
Manila	25.02	25.02	74	80	SW
Cebu	25.00	25.00	74	80	SW
Batavia	24.98	24.98	74	80	SW
Singapore	24.95	24.95	74	80	SW
London	24.92	24.92	74	80	SW
Paris	24.90	24.90	74	80	SW
Bombay	24.88	24.88	74	80	SW
Calcutta	24.85	24.85	74	80	SW
Rangoon	24.82	24.82	74	80	SW
Yokohama	24.80	24.80	74	80	SW
Manila	24.78	24.78	74	80	SW
Cebu	24.75	24.75	74	80	SW
Batavia	24.72	24.72	74	80	SW
Singapore	24.70	24.70	74	80	SW
London	24.68	24.68	74	80	SW
Paris	24.65	24.65	74	80	SW
Bombay	24.62	24.62	74	80	SW
Calcutta	24.60	24.60	74	80	SW
Rangoon	24.58	24.58	74	80	SW
Yokohama	24.55	24.55	74	80	SW
Manila	24.52	24.52	74	80	SW
Cebu	24.50	24.50	74	80	SW
Batavia	24.48	24.48	74	80	SW
Singapore	24.45	24.45	74	80	SW
London	24.42	24.42	74	80	SW
Paris	24.40	24.40	74	80	SW
Bombay	24.38	24.38	74	80	SW
Calcutta	24.35	24.35	74	80	SW
Rangoon	24.32	24.32	74	80	SW
Yokohama	24.30	24.30	74	80	SW
Manila	24.28	24.28	74	80	SW
Cebu	24.25	24.25	74	80	SW
Batavia	24.22	24.22	74	80	SW
Singapore	24.20	24.20	74	80	SW
London	24.18	24.18	74	80	SW
Paris	24.15	24.15	74	80	SW
Bombay	24.12	24.12	74	80	SW
Calcutta	24.10	24.10	74	80	SW
Rangoon	24.08	24.08	74	80	SW
Yokohama	24.05	24.05	74	80	SW
Manila	24.02	24.02	74	80	SW
Cebu	24.00	24.00	74	80	SW
Batavia	23.98	23.98	74	80	SW
Singapore	23.95	23.95	74	80	SW
London	23.92	23.92	74	80	SW
Paris	23.90	23.90	74	80	SW
Bombay	23.				